THE R. AND D. SHUT OUT

FROM THE SUBSIDY FOR THE FAST SOUTHERN MAIL.

The Cleveland-Carlisle Silver Purchase Repeal Scheme Will Not Pass-Judge Jackson's Successor.

TIMES BUREAU, RAPLEY BUILDING, ! WARRINGTON, Feb 21, 1893, The House to-day had under considera-

tion two bills in which very unusual nterest was manifested. The Postoffice Appropriation bill, granting the \$196,000 to the Richmond and Danville railroad for fast Southern mail facilities was first taken up. The Coast Line had its friends n hand, and strangly enough, although this line did not want the contract until it was awarded to the Richmond and Danville, they now are willing to strike out the entire item if they cannot get it themselves. Two motions were offered, the first to strike out the Richmond and l'anville and leave the expenditure of the money to the discretion of the Postmaster-General, and the second was to trike out the entire appropriation. The behate was exciting in the extreme, Mr. Wise making a strong speech in favor of the first amendment. Although this mail service begins at Springfield, Mass., comes through New York, Baltimore and Washington, and connects with the important mail lines from Tumpa to Hayana, there seems to be an idea prevalent that it is supported to a Southern rulingar. nd it looks very much like the entire mount would be stricken out.

amount would be stricken out.

The question was finally called on the first amendment, and by a good majority it was carried, thus cutting out the Richmond and Danville in the bill, and leaving the expenditure to the discretion of the Postmaster-General.

Messrs. Henderson and Crawford admired the company of the company cated the bill as reported by the com-

Pending the motion to strike out the

entire amount, the bill was laid aside, and will probably be considered again toorrow. The Car Coupler bill was then taken

The Car Coupler bill was then taken on and a wrangle was on at once. Mr. the moved to concur in the Senate mendment, and Mr. Richardson, of Tenessee, moved to refer back to the Comittee on Commerce. The ayes and noes are called, and the motion to refer was at. Filibustering was then begun, and as balance of the allotted time was used in inefficient attempts to pass the bill. The Cleveland-Carlisle scheme to coin the difference between the market and dinner value of the silver buillion now the Treasury, and to suspend the Sherhe Treasury, and to suspend the Sher-silver law pending this, will not pass louse. This difference is about the and at the coinage rate proposed, on a month, would take some six-months to coin. It was thought that e that period the Sherman law could

Rayner, of Maryland, canvassed ouse and found this proposition not rass, that the Republicans Join with the ultra free silver men out it. This is a political trick of Republicans to invite financial trouble

for. Rayner also told Mr. Carlisle an empt would be made to defeat the rman amendment to the Sundry Civil authorizing the Secretary of the about to lessie 3 per cent, bonds. Af-his interview with Mr. Carlisle Mr. over said.

"If this extreme step is reserted to, I in satisfied Mr. Carlisle will issue bonds, it has the right to do so under the reamption act, and he has the courage and conviction to exercise it."
State a sensation was spring upon the

suspecting Democratic senators to-day, the rapidly circulated rumor that President Harrison was awaiting the official notification of the confirmation of Judge Jackson, in order that he migh

point a Republican circuit judge in ennessee as his successor. This was truly a bombshell cast into the This was truly a bombshen cast into the leemocratic ranks on the Senate side, and the news was soon afloat in the House, and the members from Tennessee were evidently excited about the matter, it was reported to the Democrats a few days ago by Senator Hoar that he had sted the President and was assured that greatly desired Mr. Jackson's confirmaand would not appoint his successor was not made as an actual promise by the President, but he in so many words believed their acceptance of his good with, and as a consequence, the Democrate screed to the confirmation. I wrote that day that it was a venturous thing or the Democrate to yield their values round and treat to the allegation. ound and trust to the alleged good dent, but the Democrate have been a this very thing since the electrical mission of 1876, and the same old rethe same old fe-there is the same old fe-lenk, swear a little, and get ready to do the same stupid thing right over again. A plan, however, to defeat the desire

a plan, however, to defeat the desire de. Harrison was at once begun by the agrined senators. They have three as before they will be compelled to licially certify to Julge Jackson's con-mation; they will then seek to have along Jackson delay his resignation as as possible, and then contest the streation of the new circuit judge the adjournment of Congress. The w days of the session remeining will crate very favorably to them in the assummation of this plan. The Republicans in both Senate and

he were of course totally surprised he action of North Dakota in elect-Hon. W. N. Roach, a Democrat, as nor to succeed Mr. Carry, but they now resigned at the loss of the hate, and they laughingly say: "Oh, the tail go with the hide," and console selves by plotting to let all intri-

re has been some little discussion the validity of the election of Mr. in, of Kansas, but it is generally There are 40 senators and 125 sentatives in the Kansas Legislature which were free from any contest. the members elected, and, there-will be held by the Senate to be right. An identical case was present-d in the contest of Senator Call vs. Davidson, of Florida, in which Mr. Call

which Mr. Martin will be. It was also feared that the appointat of a senator from Wyoming by Introcratic Governor Osborne would have the legislature had been in session and failed to elect a senator. There is on record a case which is being quoted but does not agree with the present situation. In 1825 from New Hampshire there was a vacancy in the Senate, the Legislature met and adjourned without electing a met and adjourned without electing a nenator, the Governor appointed one, and the Senate declared the seat vacant and it so remained until the next meeting of the Legislature. The difference in the cases is this, that in that case the vacancy existed while the Legislature was in session, and in this case the Legislature of Wyoming has aircady adjourned and the vacancy will not occur until March 4th, and thus under the Constitution the Governor has all the right possible to appoint.

It is amusing in the extreme to note some of the queer uses to which people imagine a congressman may be put. A the the virginia delegation received a letter a few days ago from a legations set forth.

church congregation in the State. The letter stated that the church was deeply in debt, but had a spiendid beil, whose tones were clear and strong, and as they had noticed in the papers that the Government had recently sustained the loss of a fog bell on the coast of Maine, they desired him to communicate with the proper authorities and see if he could not effect the sale of the bell and help them in their church financial difficulties. State Senator John T. Lawless, of Portsmouth, and Editor W. Bullitt Fitzhagh, of Cape Charles, were at the Capitol this of Cape Charles, were at the Capitol this

morning. The latter is a candidate for the consulship at Montreal. The State of South Carolina has employed the Hon, John Randolph Tucker, of Lexington, Va., in the railroad case now pending in the United States Supreme Court. A writ of habeas corpus to re-lease the State officers now in prison will be asked for. Mr. Tucker is expected

here in the morning. The following are registered at the National Hotel: Mr. B. C. Lewis, Richmond, Va., Mr. L. G. Johnson, Richardsville, Va.; Mr. A. Timberlake, Buana Vista, Va.; Mr. A. M. Scott, Richmond, Va. M. G. M. G. M. Scott, Richmond, Va.; Mr. Gould Silliman, Richmond, Va. The following are registered at the Metropolitan Hotel: Mr. H. L. Singer, Metropolitan Hotel: Mr. H. L. Singer, Lynchburg, Va.; Mr. E. L. Shiporel, Hick-ory, N. C.; Mr. J. M. Bell, Staunton, Va.; Mrs. L. W. Burton, Richmond, Va.; Mr. R. C. Selden, Virginia.; Mr. John H. Alex-ander, Leesburg, Va.; Mrs. L. P. Beal, Virginia; Mr. Richard W. Tibb, Leesburg, Va.; Mrs. F. H. Smith, Virginia; Mrs. L. Coche, Roanoice, Va.; M. A. B. Andrews, Va.; Mrs. F. H. Smith, Virginia; Mrs. L. Coche, Roanoke, Va.; M. A. B. Andrews The following pensions have been granted:

Virginia-Original, Henry Holmes, David Virginia—Original, Henry Holmes, David Brown. Original widows, Emma L. Newton. Mexican survivor, Joseph L. Everett. Original, Wilson C. Booth. Original widow, Mary Parker, minor of Elias E. McIntire. Original, Martin V. Grimstead, Feter Jones, George Thomas, Wilbur F. Hammond. Additional, Robert Grant. Original widows, &c., minors of Patrick Minor, Rebecca A. J. Miller.

North Carolina—Survivors Indian wars.

North Carolina-Survivors Indian wars Solomon Hampton, Samuel McClathey, William P. Bassett, Widows Indian wars, Moore, William F. Church, William E. Brady. Original widows, &c., Lucy Jones. Brady. Original winows, C., Original widow, Mary B. Dixon.
H. L. W.

RACING RESUMED. A Little Sun Works Wonders With the

Guttenburg Track. NEW YORK, Feb. 21.-Racing was resumed at Guttenburg to-day under very fair conditions. The warm sun had worked wonders with the track, and it

worked wonders with the track, and it was in first-class condition. It was a trifle slippery on top, but the going was good and firm underneath. Results:
First race, five and a half furiouss—Lord Auckland first, Lady Baliard second, Good Boy third. Time, 1:12 1-4.
Second race, five-eighths of a mile—Sir Richard first, Freemason second. Seabright third. Time, 1:33 3-4.
Third race, five-eighths of a mile—Benjamin first, Red Elm second, I. O. U. third. Time, 1:03 1-2.
Fourth race, seven-eighths of a mile—

Fourth race, seven-eighths of a mile-lester first, Text second, Allan Bane third. Time, 1:31 1-2.

Lester first, Fext second, Alian Dane third. Time, 1:31 1-2.

Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile— Nativity first, Wrestler second, Pan Handle third. Time, 1:04 1-2.

Sixth race, three-quarters of a mile— Peralto first, St. Dennis second, Bon March third. Time, 1:17 1-2.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., Feb. 21.—Forty-five hundred people witnessed the racing here on a good track to-day.
First race, four and a half furlongs—Guy Ail first, Mattle Lee second, Equator third. Time, 58.

Second race, five furlongs—Glouwer first. Second race, five furlongs-Glenmar first

Time, 1:05.
Third race, seven and a half furlongs-National first, Major Thornton second, Edward F shird. Time, 1:401-4.
Fourth race, six and a half furlongs—Calcium first. Fernwood second, Samartina third. Time, 1:30

Fifth race, four and a half fu Ray first, Shamrock second, Roy Lochie third. Time, 563-4.
Sixth race, six furlongs—Amos A first,
Jim Fagan second, Lord Stanley third.

Time, 1:18 3-4.

NOT TO ISSUE BONDS. The Decision Believed to Have Beer

Reached by the Cabinet. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 .- The question of issuing bonds to keep intact the gold reserve in the Treasury was discussed by the President and his Cabinet at the meeting held this morning. The result of the conference is stated on good au-

thority to have been a decision not to issue bonds at this time.

It cannot be learned that any alterna-tive course of action was decided upon by the Cabinet in case the free gold in the Treasury became exhausted. The feeling seemed to be that the emergency should not be met before it actually arrived. It is said that President Harrison is convinced that no necessity will arise for the sale of bonds to maintain the parity of the two metals. He has repeatedly declared that he will maintain that parity by every means in his power. This con-viction is said to be based upon his obser-vance of the fact that while he was o-his hunting trip at Benjies there was a subsidence of the talk about issuing bonds which we renewed immediately upon hi return. The President is credited with the belief that the demand for gold fe the belief that the demand for gold for export is not only artificial, but that it is part of a scheme, international in its scope, having for its object the issue of bonds. When it becomes apparent that no bonds will be issued his opinion is said to be that heavy drafts upon the Treasury gold will cease.

WILL RIDE WITH HARRISON.

The Incoming and Outgoing Presidents Will Occupy the Same Carriage.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21.-Oliver T. Beaumont, chairman of the committee on carriages, this morning received the following letter from President-elect Cleveland:

Lakewood, N. J., Feb. 17, 1893. Oliver T. Beaumont, Esq., chairman, etc. Dear Sir,-In reply to your letter of the 6th Instant I have to say that I desire deas of President Harrison carried or as to my conveyance in the inaugural ceremonics. A very sensible suggestion is attributed to him in the newspapers. and that is that I ride in his carriage as he did in mine on March 4, 1889. Mr. Cleveland will return from the

Mr. Cleveland will return from the Capitol to the reviewing stand in the carriage furnished by the Senate Committee on Arrangements. Albert Hawkins, Mr. Cleveland's old driver, who has been employed as a messenger in the Pension Office, will be on the box. The turnout will be the first that ever came up will be on the box. The turnoul will be the finest that ever came up Pennsylvania avenue. The vehicle will be drawn by four jet black horses in white harness, and each horse will be attended by a footman in white livery.

West Virginia's Answer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The Attorney-General of West Virginia has filed with the clerk of the United States Supreme General of West Virginia has hed the clerk of the United States Supreme Court the answer of the State of West Virginia to the bill of complaint of the State of Maryland, asking for a new heat week the States. The boundary-line between the States. The bill of Maryland is based on the ground that the wrong fork of the Potomac river has been taken in running the gen erally accepted boundary-line between the States, and that Maryland is entitled to a large part of the country over which West Virginia exercices jurisdiction. West Virginia's answer is a denial of all the al

cerning the Affairs on the Island-A Mexican Warning.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 21 .- The following telegram from Minister Stevens was received Saturday last, and made public to-day:

"Honolulu, Feb. 8, via San Francisco February 18th .- Secretary of State, Washington (care Secretary of Navy): The affairs of state continue to be hopeful The hoisting of the United States flag in protection of this Government was expected, and subjects who were doubtful are now for annexation. The natives show unexpected regard for the United States flag. The prudent conduct of Captain Wiltse and the officers and crew of the Boston is a credit to the navy. Captain Wiltse and the officers and crew of the Boston is a credit to the navy. Cannot send by mail. STEVENS."

Up to the hour of the meeting of the Cabinet to-day Paul Neuman, the Queen's envoy to the United States, had not called at the State Department to see Secretary Foster, and the latter had received no explanation from him for the failure to keep his engagement made last night. Inquiries at the hotel for Neuman by representatives of the press were met by representatives of the press were met by the statement that he was not in.

Why Neuman Was Absent. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—This after-noon Paul Neuman, envoy of the Ha-wailan Queen, called at the State Depart ment, and explained to Secretary Foster why he had failed to meet that official last night, according to the notification given him at the State Department last Friday. It appears from Mr. Neuman's statement that the card giving the address of the Secretary's temporary scale. dress of the Secretary's temporary residence misled him, and he failed to find the place. Recourse to the directory gave him Mr. Foster's regular place of residence, which is now closed.

A statement of the conference between the two will be sent to the President for

A statement of the conference between the two will be sent to the President for transmission to the Senate for considera-tion in connection with the other infor-mation on this subject now before that body. An additional batch of correspond-ence relating to Hawaii was sent to the Senate this evening under executive scal.

ence relating to Hawaii was sent to the Senate this evening under executive seal. Messrs. Castle and Wilder, members of the Hawaiian annexation committee mission, left Washington this evening en route to San Francisco. Mr. Thurston, the head of the commission, expects to leave Thursday, joining his associates in Chicago Saturday, whence they will go to San Francisco together. Mr. Carter will remain several days longer, possibly until after the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland.

The Senate.

The credentials of William Lindsay as senator from Kontucky in the place of Mr. Carlisle, resigned, were presented and read. Then Mr. Lindsay was escorted to the Vice-President's desk, where he took

the oath of office.

The credentials of William V. Allen, as senator from the State of Nebraska, from the 4th of March next in the place of Mr. Paddock were presented and placed on

Consideration of the Sundry Civil Apconsideration of the Sundry Givil Ap-propriation bill was proceeded with, the pending amendments being those offered by Messrs. Manderson and Vest in regard to the site for the Government printing

office building.

That subject occupied over two hours of to-day's session, and the result was that to-day's session, and the result was that the various propositions in regard to it were voted down and that no provision at all was made for the building site. Another "site" question, that as to the New York custom-house, was also discussed at much length, and the result was that an appropriation of \$800,000 in addition to a former one of \$1,400,000 to pay for the site was made.

Another subject which gave rise to a

Another subject which gave rise to a rather heated discussion was one in reference to the expenses of the soldiers' homes, and that discussion drifted, naturally, to the question of pensions and a possible deficiency in the revenue for the excessive appropriations. All amendments increasing appropriations for soldiers' homes were agreed to.

An amendment, which was offered by Mr. Davis in relation to the timber culture laws, gave rise to a dry legal uninteresting discussion, which lasted for nearly three hours. As the vote was about to be taken by the ayes and noes

about to be taken by the ayes and noes (which could have probably revealed the absence of a quorum) Mr. Allicon pro-posed that all kentested amendments should go over till to-morrow, and the proposition was agreed to. A number of amendments were adopted increasing and decreasing the amendments. and decreasing the amounts of the items in the bill, the net result of which will be to increase the total of appropriation carried in the bill.

The bill was then reported to the Senate (from the Committee of the Whole), and all the amendments (unreserved) were agreed to, the bill to be open to-morrow to new amendments. At 10:20 the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The House, in committee resumed the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill. The pending section was that appropriating \$196,614 for the necessary and special facilities of trunk lines from Springfield, Mass., via New York and Washington to Atlanta, and New Orleans. Atlanta and New Orleans.

Mr. Dickerson offered an amendment striking out the names of the terminal

Mr. Mallory supported the provision of the bill. It was not intended to aid rail-roads in need of assistance, but it was for the purpose of carrying out the ob-

cts of the postoffice in regard to ex-

Mr. Hooker defended the appropriation made in the bill. The giving of special facilities to the railroads proposed was in the same line as the increase of the free delivery system.

Mr. Hemphill spoke in the same line.

The people of the United States did not wish that any backward step should be taken. Since the inauguration of this system of special facilities the carriag of mail matter had largely increased.

Mr. Wise said that while he was no opposed to the appropriation, he was not in favor of it as it was now made, would vote against the amendment of gentleman from Mississippi (Kyle) strike out the paragraph, but he wanted it understood that he was not the rep-resentative of any railroad. He did not

care where this appropriation went-whether to one line or another-and he was, therefore, in favor of the amendment of the gentleman from Kentucky Mr. Blount, speaking in support of ti motion to strike out the appropriatio said that among the masses of the people there was a desire for special mail fa-cilities. But there was a voice. It was a voice coming from South, North, East and West, which spoke deep and loud. and West, which spoke deep and loud. That voice was for retrenchment of public expenditures and reduction of taxation which was impoverishing the country. The proposition now made was to give to a railroad system which was already receiving \$4,000,000 \$196,000 additional. He protested against it.

Mr. Dickerson's amendment was re-

protested sgainst it.

Mr. Dickerson's amendment was rejected—yeas, 46; nays, 80.

On motion of Mr. Dingley an amendment was adopted providing that none of the appropriation for special mail facilities should be expended, unless the Postmaster-General should deem such expenditure necessary.

expenditure necessary in order to pro-mote the postal service. Then the hour fixed for the consideration

THE EX-QUEEN'S CASE, of the Car Coupler bill having arrived, the committee rose, and Mr. Wise moved that the Senate amendments thereto be concurred in. Flibustering against the bill at once began, led by Mr. Richardson (Tenn.). After some time Mr. Wise demanded the previous question on concurring in the Senate amendments. Agreed to—184 to 24.

Progress went no farther, however, for the Illustrious Soldier to be Held.

Progress went no farther, however, for time, parliamentary manoeuvres pre-

Various filibustering motions were voted upon, and no quorum appearing at 6:45, a call of the House was ordered. No quorum appearing there were sev-

eral attempts made to reach a com-promise. All failed, however. Shortly after midnight the Speaker stated that the sergeant-at-arms was unable to execute the order of the House as to the arrest of absentees. The sergeant-at-arms has been unable, on acstreets, to secure vehicles from the livery

In view of this statement, Mr. Morse (Rep., Mass.), moved an adjournment, but

At 1 A. M. the monotony of the pro-ceedings of the House was broken by a personal controversy between Watson, of Georgia; Cummings, of New York, and Richardson, of Tennessee, growing out of Watson's criticism of railroad influence in Congress. the motion was voted down.

as a reflection upon himself and read copious extracts from switchmen's testimony to demonstrate the faulty character of the bill. At 2 A. M. there is no prospect for an early adjournment, and the House has contentedly settled itself down for an

BAIL FOR THE PRISONERS. Dempsey, O'Donnell, Critchlow and Others Out on Heavy Bonds.

PITTSBURG, PA., Feb. 21.-District Master Workman Hugh Dempsey, convicted of complicity in the poisoning of non-union men at Homestead, who was again placed under arrest by order of the court Monday, was released this afternoon upon furnishing ball to the amount of \$10,000, pending application for a new trial

Hugh O'Donnell, Jack Chifford and Sylvester Critchlow, who have already been acquitted on one charge of murder in connection with the Homestead riot of July 6th, were released on bail in the sum of \$10,000 each this afternoon. There are yet charges of murder, riot, conspiracy and treason pending against these men. Their trial may take place at the March term of the court. If not at that time, they will not be tried before the Septem-

John Acker, charged with rlot at Home-stead, has been in Jall since August. His case had been lost sight of until to-day. Ball will be furnished for him to-mor-

George Champenour and another Home-stead man are yet in jail on the charge of murder. They will furnish ball and be released to-morrow or Thursday.

The municipal elections to-day here ended the bitterest campaign in years. The result of the Mayorality is still in doubt, with the indications pointing to the election of Bernard McKen a, Demo-crat, over John S, Lambie Remuitican the election of Bernard McKen ia, Demo-crat, over John S. Lambie, Republican, and Kerr and Beinhauer, Independents, Hon. H. F. Gurley, the present Mayor, elected on the Republican tickst three years ago, was elected controller on the Democratic ticket by at least 3,000 ma-jority, Joseph F. Dennison, Republican, was re-elected treasurer. If McKenna should be successful it will be the first Democratic Mayor elected in twelve years. At midnight the result is still years. At midnight the result is still

In Allegheny Mayor Kennedy, Repubican, was re-elected by about 2,500 plu-

RAPIEFF FUSE INEFFICIENT. All Efforts Fall to Produce an Explosion of the First Order.

PORT ROYAL, Feb. 21.-Tests Rapleff fuse will be discontinued, as it has been practically demonstrated that the relation of det mating compound is not sufficiently intimate to produce an explosion of the first order. The Phila-delphia has received her sailing orders for the North, but may be detained in harbor for several days on account of the gale now blowing. On board the Vesuvius to-day the work consisted in re-moving the charges of wet gun cotton from the nine shells still remaining in the racks. The inference is that the board will convert the live projectiles into dummies and fire them for the purpose of obtaining more accurate valve settings at ranges of 1,000 and 500 yards. Whether or not this will be done under special supervision of the board, or will be left to the officers of the Vesuvius, has not been stated, but it is taken for granted that Captain Burger, of the Philadelphia and other members of the board will accompany his vessel North.

News of the Navy. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Assistant Engineer William H. Alderdice has been detached from duty in the office of the Naval Intelligence Bureau and ordered to duty in the Bureau of Steam Engineering. Paymaster J. A. Barton has been de-tached from the Miantonomoh March 1st, and granted leave for two months, Lieutenant-Colonel McLane Tilton,

United States Marine Corps, has been or-dered to proceed to this city on the 28th instant, and report to the colonel com-mandant of the United States Marine Corps, preliminary to commanding the battalion of marines to take part in the inaugural procession on the 4th of March.

Duel to the Death.

HOUSTON, TEX., Feb. 21 .- News has arrived here of a double tragedy at Ful-shear, ten miles from Richmond. Joe Wade had discharged a pistol in the street. Deputy Sheriff Hoffman at-tempted to arrest him. Wade drew a dirk and Hoffman attempted to get his gun. Wade was the quicker and put a bullet into Hoffman's breast. Hoffman fired and broke Wade's arm. Wade then commenced to retreat, but Hoffman, who was mortally wounded, continued shooting, hitting his antagonist five times and killing him. Hoffman died in a short time.

Solicitor of the State Department. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.-The nomina-tion of Mr. Henry W. Raymond, of Penn sylvania, to be solicitor for the State Department, to succeed Mr. Partridge, appointed Minister to Venezuela, will be sent to the Senate this week. Mr. Raymond is at present the private secretary to Secretary Tracy, and is a son of the late Henry J. Raymond, so widely known as editor of the New York Times.

The Port Royal Receivership. The Port Royal Receivership.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 21.—Argument was commenced to-day in hearing the application of the State to take the Port Royal railroad out of the hands of Receiver H. M. Comer, of the Central Railroad of Georgia, and turn it over to Receiver Averill, recenily appointed by the State Court. Several counsel were heard and the case goes over till to-morrow.

Colonel O'Ferrall Better.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Congressman O'Ferrall, who fell on the steps leading from his residence in this city on Fri lay evening, straining his back and shaking him up generally, is reported better this evening.

Times.

the Illustrious Soldier to be Held. South Carolina's Action.

NEW ORLEANS, Fcb. 21 .- The funeral of General Beauregard will be a public one, taking place at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon? All the veteran organizations and the State militia will probably participate in the funeral ceremonics, the arrangements for which are in charge of General John Glynn.

South Carolina's Serrow. CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 21.-Thomas A. Hugenin, the last Confederate commander of Fort Sumter and now brigadier-general of the Fourth brigade of South Carolina troops, has issued general orders, directing that all flags of the brigade be suitably draped on the annual

parade and inspection to morrow, in respect to General Beauregard. In his order General Hugenin says:
"The South had no braver and no more "The South had no braver and no more faithful soldier. The city of Charleston owes to him in great part the skillful and successful defense of her harbor, and to him is due the reverence accorded by a generous people for deeds of duty well performed. Every organization of this command had the honor of serving under him."

Mayor Fitzpatrick this evening an-Mayor Fitzpatrick this evening announced the sad event to the community by proclamation, ordering flags on public buildings to be displayed at half mast, the city hall to be appropriately dressed in mourning and public buildings to be closed on the day of, the funeral, which it recommends shall be public, the remains to lie in state in the council chamber.

General John Glynn, who had called at the Beauregard mansion, said that the family had yielded to the universal sentiment of the soldlers and friends of the deceased, and that the funeral hour was fixed for Thursday evening. Feb-ruary 23d, at 3 o'clock. General Glynn, who will have charge of all arrange who will have charge of all arrange-ments for the cortege, will be, assisted by Mayor Fitzpatrick. The various civic societies will be invited to partici-pate, and members of the State and national Government will be invited. General Glynn acts in the capacity of commander of the United Confederate

commander of the United Confederate Veterans of Louisianna division and as a friend of the family. It has been arranged that the body shall be escorted Wednesday afternoon to the City Hall by the Association of the Army of Tennessee, under command of Vice-President J. T. Alleyan, and a detail from the Army of Northern Virginia.

Governor Foster, as commander in chief, to-day issued orders to General Glynn, commanding the State National Guard, in this city. After eulogizing the deceased he orders that all military henors be shown the Illustrious warrior.

honors be shown the illustrious warrior. To-day flags were placed at half mast on the city buildings and the court adjourned as a mark of esteem to the great Confederate leader.

Tribute to the Illustrious Dead NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.-The follow

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—The following explains itself:
Headquarters United Confederate Veterans, New Orleans, La., February 21.
ISKS. General order No. 83:
The general commanding with the deepest sorrow announces to the members of our social, literary, historical and benevolent Brotherhood the death of one of our grangest members and one of the greatst American soldiers.
General P. G. T. Beauregard, the last of the full generals of the Confederacy

of the full generals of the Confederacy save one, has closed his distinguished career, his gallant spirit having passed into the realm of shadows at 10 o'clock P. M. yesterlay. In our civil war romance and chivalry clustered around his name; at his command the first shot was fired. at his command the first shot was fired, which set ablaze the torch of war; he commanded in the first victory which shed glory upon southern arms, and participated in the closing scenes of the struggle at Joseph E. Johnston's surrender., Greensboro, N. C. His dauntless courage, his matchless ability and impertability deeds during the war rendered courage, his matchless ability and imper-ishable deeds during the war rendered his name not only famous and of daz-zling brilliancy upon this continent, but it reached out over the wide world. His wonderful achievements and his lustrous fame were discussed in strange tongues and under paims by the far away barba-rians as well as by all these people shelrians as well as by all these people sheltered under the Caristian shield, and his military services sought by nations whose banner floated the pale crescent as well as those emblazoned with the flery cross. His dignified deportment in private life, his fortitude and earnest endeavor to build up the fortunes of his people and of the South enobled him as a patrict, as a citizen and as a man.

The general commanding desires that all possible honors be paid to his memory by the United Confederate Veterans.

By order of J. B. GORDON,

General Commanding,

GEORGE MOORMAN,

GEORGE MOORMAN Adjutant General and Chief of Staff.

General Early Declines to Talk. LYNCHBURG, VA., Feb. 21.—Special. I saw General Early this afternoon, but he positively declined to say anything for publication. He feels the death of General Beauregard very deeply and does not care to talk about it, or relate any reminiscences. I know from private con-versation with him that he esteemed General Beauregard very highly as a General Beauregard very highly as a personal friend, and as a brave and suc-cessful soldier. He recognized him as the most accomplished military engineer of his day as well as a skillful commander. General Beauregard was the last sur-General Beauregard was the last surviving officer of the Confederate army of his rank. General E. Kirby Smith, who is commonly classed with him, was appointed to the rank of general 12 the provisional army of the Confederacy, not in the regular army as afterwards organized. General Smith is now the tanking surviving officer, and General Early comes next to him, his appointment as lieutentant-general dating those of General Stophen D. Lee and General Longeral Stephen D. Lee and General Long street. Early and Beauregard were class

ANIMATED, BUT NOT EXCITED.

A Let-Down in the Dealings in Reading on the Stock Exchange.

mates at West Point.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.-The Stock Exchange, as usual, presented an animated scene this morning, but those who expected any tremendous excitement or

panic on account of the Reading develop-ments were disappointed.

When the hammer fell at 10 o'clock the bulk of the crowd on the floor was closely pressed around the Reading board, and perations began at once with an uproar that caused the uninitiated in the visitors galieries to think the bottom had dropped out of Wall street. But the throng of traders was not as great as that of yes-terday nor were the operations nearly so heavy

Reading opened at a slight advance over yesterday's closing, viz., 1 per cent to 31. The hammering, which began as soon as voices could be lifted and hands upraised. quickly nullified the improvement, and in less than three minutes the unlucky stock went down to 287-8.

went down to 287-8.

In ten minutes the Reading crowd melted away to about thirty operators, who maintained the war with vigor. The transactions in the first fifteen minutes reached 86,700 shares, less than half the number sold in the same time yesterday.

which was 196,400. This is a fair indication of to-day's excitement as compared with that of yesterday.

Considerable activity was shown around the New England board. That stock followed Reading's drooping tendency and fell away from 401-2 to 381-2. Transactions in the stock, however, were not

The visitors' galleries were crowded with persons eager to see something. Old Stock Exchange frequenters said there was more excitement in the galleries than on the floor. Although the excite-ment in the exchanges seems practically over, the Reading developments continue to be the absorbing topic of discussion in Wall street circles. The announcement was made by President Parsons that no large blocks had changed hands.

There was considerable talk as to the possible effect on Lehigh Valley. This was quieted by Vice-President Garrett, who urked that the Lehigh Valley lease would not be affected in any way by the Read-

ing receivership.
"Reading," he said, "will be in a better position to meet its obligations than be-fore, because it will be operated under the protection of the court."

The only official statement about Read-

ing that has been made public in Wall street comes from A. J. Antelo, one of the Reading board of managers, who states positively that Reading's floating debt is only \$5,000,000. Of this one-half, he says, is due to Speyer & Co., the bankers of this city, who made that advance upon the security of a deposit of collateral trust 5s. The remaining \$3,000,000 is due to Philadeiphia capitalists, who also hold denosits as security Mr. Anis due to Philadeiphia capitalists, who also hold deposits as security. Mr. Antelo attributes the Reading crisis to attacks on the company's credit by rumor. He says that Reading will recuperate and be stronger than ever, being backed by richer and more influential men than before. He thinks a year the extreme limit for the road to be in the receiver's hands.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.-1:45 P. M.-The excitement even in the Reading crowd at the stock exchange, where brokers now are standing round talking and skylarking with each other, seems to have com-pletely died away, and orders to buy or sell 100 shares can now be executed without trouble.

Ex-Senator Platt, who has just returned from Philadelphia, said that he made the application for a receivership to protect the interests both of the Reading and the United States Express. He is an inti-mate friend of Mr. McLeod, and says the receivership is a friendly one, and that the results will be eminently satis-factory to both the stock and bondhold-ers of the company.

He also adds that neither Mr. J. Piere-pont Morgan, par the Variability had

pont Morgan nor the Vanderbilts had anything to do with it.

Notwithstanding denials, however, a large portion of Wall street still attrib utes the turn-over in Reading to the Morgan-Vanderbilt interest and positive assertions are made that in due time the latter will be found in control at least of New England. They are said to have picked up the greater part of the 105,000 shares of New England supposed to have been dropped by the Philadelphia syndicate. ate. Mr. Parsons, it is also said, has ar-

ranged with the New Haven interest to turn over his entire boldings of New England as soon as the Morgan-Vander-bilt interest has been enabled to buy ough stock to give them control. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—Reading developed a little strength at the opening of the stock market this morning, the first quotation being 15 1-16, a gain of 1-16 over yesterday's closing figure. It then rose to 15 1-8, but a reaction fol-lowed which sent it down to 14 3-4, and, after fractional losses and gains, it was quoted at the latter figure at 10:20 o'clock. Although the air of mystery surround-

Although the air of mystery surrounding the Reading's troubles has been partially cleared by the appointment of the receivers the pressure to sell continues.

Lehigh Valley opened at 49, a gain of 1-2 over the closing price yesterday, but in a few minutes it had dropped a half, and the decline continued until at 10:30 it had touched 47 1-2. It later rose to 48. The excitement in the market continues and will probably not be allayed tinues and will probably not be allayed until the Reading's receivers give out the promised statement.

POLITICIANS VS. THE PEOPLE. Democrats and Citizens Trying to Rout the

Machine in Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, PA., Feb. 21.-The municipal election in Pittsburg was probably never so hotly contested as to-day. The contests were between the politicians on the one hand, who have controlled the city government for twenty-five years, and the Democrats and citizens on the other. Firemen and police officers have been working at the polls all day in the interest of the politicians' ticket. As a result, when an alarm of tire was turned this morning, there were not enough remen on duty to combat the conflagraion. One building was destroyed almo without an effort to save it. In the Twelfth ward the ballots were stolen and not recovered for three hours after the polls opened. The ward is largely Demo-cratic. The assistant chief of the fire department, who has voted for seventeen years, was challenged on naturalization papers, and was unable to produce them. 'harges of fraud are heard in almost every ward in the city. The contest can only be determined by the count. The election in Allegheny City is quiet, there being practically no contest.

A Bitter Labor Struggle.

EVANSVILLE, IND., Feb. 21.—A bitter struggle between the Evansville Foundry Association, Indiana Stove Works, Kle-chle Brentano, Obendorfer & Kahn and Myerhoff & Co. and their moulders, some 00 in number, has been inaugurated Questions have frequently arisen between the employers and their men, and several small strikes have occurred, although in each instance the men have been induced to return to work. Recently a strike was threatened, and the foundry men feared to take any orders, lest they should be unable to fill them. The various foundrymen united under the name of the Manufacturers' Association, and sent a letter to the Moulders' Union requesting immediate arbitration. No reply was immediate arbitration. No reply was given to the request, so the manufacturers agreed yesterday to close their foundries, and lock their men out. The move was unexpected, but the men say they will win. The manufacturers declare otherwise.

Dr. James Hill Bead. GOLDSBORO, N. C., Feb. 21.—Special.— Dr. James Hill, one of the leading and influential citizens of this city, died on Sun-day last and was buried in Wilmington yesterday. He was eighty-six years old. The New Berne Fair is being held this week. Great crowds are in attandance from all over the eastern part of the State, and the exhibit is said to be very fine. Special trains go from here and re-

ill for some time, is improving.

Rev. William B. Oliver, of Fayetteville, has been called to the pastorate of the First Baptist church in Wilmington. He accepted the call, and will begin the work about the middle of March.

Sheriff Grout, who has been critically

The Receivers Give Bond.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—Receivers McLeod, Paxson and Wilbur, of the Reading railroad, to-day, in the office of Clerk Bell, of the United States Circuit Court, signed a personal bond for \$500,000 for the faithful performance of the duties. They are bound jointly in the amount named, and were not required to give individual security.

M'KINLEY A BANKRUPT.

EVERY DOLLAR MUST GO TO PAR ANOTHER'S DEBT.

The Governor Denies the Report That He

Intends Resigning-His Liabilities \$100,000. CHICAGO, ILL., Feb. 21.-Governor Mc-Kinley is made a bankrupt by over-fidel-

ity to the interests of a friend. He has asked H. H. Kolsaat, of this city, to act as trustee, and may be compelled to resign the gubernatorial chair of Ohio and begin an active practice of law. The conference which led to Kohisaat's selection as trustee was held in Cleveland Sunday evening. It was found that the Governor's liabilities are \$55,000, assumably five times as large as the amounts he has saved during the forty-nine years of his life.

of his life.

Mrs. McKinley has property which will probably net \$15,000, if sold under the hammer. She proposes to turn this over to Trustee Kohlsaat. She is an invalid, and her fortune came as a legacy from her father. Her friends protest against her allowing her means to go to cancel the Governor's debts incurred by another man, but she insists. Thus both become penniless. They lose their Canton home, and all their household goods. Mrs. Mcs. penniless. They lose their Canton home, and all their household goods. Mrs. Me-Kinley's farms and all go, so that in poverty they begin life again.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 21.—Governor McKinley says there is no truth in the report that he may resign the governor-ship; that he has at no time contemplated resigning.

plated resigning.
YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 21.—A state-

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 21.—A statement was furnished this morning as a result of the investigation into the affairs of Robert L. Walker, showing that the amount of paper on which Governor Mc-Kinley is indorser is fully \$100,000 and may reach \$110,000. Experts assert that the total liabilities of the Governor will not exceed the latter figures. The statement startles the friends of the Governor, as it was not believed at any time that he was on to exceed \$50,000. Arrangements are being made to promptly pay all the McKinley paper.

Robert Walker this morning resigned as president of the Farmers' National Bank of Poland and the Girard Savings' Bank. Both institutions are perfectly solvent, and have experienced no excitement among depositors since Saturday. A stockholder of the stamping works of which Robert L. Walker was president says: "The affairs of the works are not in such a bad conditions as a second to the stamping works of which a bad conditions as a second to the stamping works of which a bad conditions as a second to the stamping works.

says: "The affairs of the works are not in such a bad condition as one would imagine. I have considerable stock in the concern, which I would sell at par, and not a cent less. Of course, if the works were compelled to shut down now it would be doubtful if the concern could pay its dobts. However, if it is rewritted pay its dobts. However, if it is rewritted. would be doubtful if the concern could pay its debts. However, if it is permitted to run, as it undoubtedly will, the affairs of the company will be settled up, and dollar for dollar will be paid. The glass department will resume operations very likely, and the material on hand will be worked up, and then the department will be closed. This will give the stamping department glass enough, with

stamping department glass enough, with the amount already on hand, to run until June. The assignee is now preparing a statement for the creditors, which will a statement for the creditors, which will be ready in a short time."

Mr. Kohlsaat, in an interview this morning, said the news was correct, and as the transactions between Mr. McKinley and himself had been made public, he would tell the story of the calamity.

He considered it one of the most unfortunate things that had happened within his memory. He said:

"Mr. McKinley is the victim of most aggravated treachery. He never knew to what extent he was becoming involved, because he trusted implicitly in the good judgment of his friend. The exposure of his falsity completely unnerved the vic-

his faisity completely unnerved the vic-tim, and while political reverses were accepted as a part of a political life, he is almost unable to endure the present crash. But honest man that he always crash. But honest man that he always has been, he sadly told me he would be

has been, he saidy tool me he would organ again, and no man should lose a cent who lent him money by reason of his name. "It is probable Myron T. Merrick, treas-urer of the Society of Savings of Cleve-land, will act with me as trustee. At present it is not possible to say how the financial end of the calamity will be settled. The Governor will turn over every penny he has, but this will only be a drop compared with the aggregate liabilities. He said his wife was thoroughly decided to help him out with her own means, which I think will amount to about \$75,000 if sold at auction. The possessions consist of farm land near Canton and some these unimproved presents. However, all other unimproved property. However, all of it will not cover the debts, since when I left Mr. McKinley we figured at least \$90,000 Habilities and they are increasing

"The Governor will retire from politics, "The Governor will retire from politics, since he cannot hold office and again get up financially. He said he would begin his law practice again, and make it nis object in life to pay all that he has been dragged into owing. His affairs are a complete wreck, the failure taking the modest home and contents. Friends of Mrs. McKinley, herole woman that she is, declare she must not nut up her fortune to declare she must not put up her fortune to the mercy of creditors. Just what will be done on her part is not yet decided. She is postive one way; her friends are equally decided the other. A dispatch received last evening says Mrs. McKinley is with her husband in Cleveland, and the parties were in a conference as to final

Will 'he Governor resign?" "Well, it is hardly possible to see what else he can do. It will be quite necessary, since he proposes to settle dollar for dol-lar, and there is no money in being Governor of any State. He once had a good practice, and his brilliant reputation will

RANGE OF THERMOMETER. Range of the thermometer at The Times office yesterday, February 21, 1893; 9 A. M., 26; 12 M., 41; 3 P. M., 43; 6 P. M., 49; 9 P. M., 33; midnight, 35, Average, 36 1-3.

add to it."

WEATHER FORECAST. WASHINGTON Feb. 2L-Forecast: For Wednesday for Virginia, snow or rain probably clearing early in the day; winds shifting to westerly.

For North and South Carolina: Showers to-night, followed by clearing weather;

win is shifting to westerly.

Weather Conditions—The barometric trough which covered the Mississippi Valley this morning has moved to the upper Ohio Valley, where a well-defined cymony was a second to the control the control that the control the control the control that the con

clonic disturbance is now central, the barometer having fallen about one-half inch from the lower lake region south-ward over North Carolina. Snow pre-valls in the lake regions, and thence southward over the Ohio Valley and Mid-dle Atlantic States, and rain is reported valis in the lake regions, and thenesouthward over the Ohio Valley and Middle Atlantic States, and rain is reported from the Southern States, followed by clearing weather in the Gulf States. The weather has been fair to the west of the Mississippl. The barometer has fallen decidedly over the plateau region, and a second disturbance is approaching from the region north of Montana. It is warmer east of the Mississippl and the Rocky Mountain districts, and elightly coider in the Missourt Valley and the Gulf States. General fair weather will prevail in the Central Valleys, Gulf States and Tennessee, with northwesterly winds. Showers, followed by clearing weather are indicated for the Atlantic coast south of New York. The temperature will rise in the northwest, with winds shifting to southerly